ENR 1.14 AIR TRAFFIC INCIDENT

1. Definition of air traffic incidents

- 1.1 "Air traffic incident" is used to mean a serious occurrence related to the provision of air traffic services, such as:
 - a) Aircraft proximity (AIRPROX);
 - b) Serious difficulty resulting in a hazard to aircraft caused, for example, by:
 - 1) Faulty procedures;
 - 2) Non-compliance with procedures; or
 - 3) Failure of ground facilities.
- 1.1.1 Definitions for aircraft proximity and AIRPROX.

Aircraft proximity. A situation in which, in the opinion of the pilot or the air traffic services personnel, the distance between aircraft, as well as their relative positions and speed, has been such that the safety of the aircraft involved may have been compromised. Aircraft proximity is classified as follows:

Risk of collision: The risk classification of aircraft proximity in which serious risk of collision has existed.

Safety not assured: The risk classification of aircraft proximity in which the safety of the aircraft may have been compromised.

No risk of collision: The risk classification of aircraft proximity in which no risk of collision has existed.

Risk not determined: The risk classification of aircraft proximity in which insufficient information was available to determine the risk involved, or inconclusive or conflicting evidence precluded such determination.

AIRPROX. The code word used in an air traffic incident report to designate aircraft proximity.

1.2 Air traffic incidents are designated and identified in reports as follows:

Type Designation
Air traffic incident Incident

as a) above AIRPROX (Aircraft proximity)

as b) 1) and 2) above Procedure as b) 3) above Facility

2. Use of the Air Traffic Incident Report Form (See model on pages ENR 1.14-3 to 1.14-6)

The Air Traffic Incident Report Form is intended for use:

 By a pilot for filing a report on an air traffic incident after arrival or for confirming a report made initially by radio during flight.

Note: The form, if available on board, may also be of use in providing a pattern for making the initial report in flight.

b) By an ATS unit for recording an air traffic incident report received by radio, telephone or teleprinter.

Note: The form may be used as the format for the text of a message to be transmitted over the AFS network.

3. Reporting procedures (including in-flight procedures)

- 3.1 The following are the procedures to be followed by a pilot who is or has been involved in an incident:
 - a) During flight, use the appropriate air/ground frequency for reporting an incident of major significance, particularly if it involves other aircraft so as to permit the facts to be ascertained immediately;
 - b) As promptly as possible after landing, submit a completed Air Traffic Incident Report Form

ENR 1.14-2 AIP 30-Dec-21 BHUTAN

For confirming a report of an incident made initially as in a) above, or for making the initial report on such an
incident if it had not been possible to report it by radio;

- 2) For reporting an incident which did not require immediate notification at the time of occurrence.
- 3.2 An initial report made by radio should contain the following information:
 - a) Aircraft identification;
 - b) Type of incident, e.g. aircraft proximity;
 - c) The incident; 1.a) and b); 2.a), b), c), d), n); 3.a), b), c), i); 4.a), b);
 - d) Miscellaneous: 1.e).
- 3.3 The confirmatory report on an incident of major significance initially reported by radio or the initial report on any other incident should be submitted to the HoA, BCAA. The pilot should complete the Air Traffic Incident Report Form, supplementing the details of the initial reports as necessary.

4. Purpose of reporting and handling of the form

- 4.1 The purpose of the reporting of aircraft proximity incidents and their investigation is to promote the safety of aircraft. The degree of risk involved in an aircraft proximity incident should be determined in the incident investigation and classified as "risk of collision", "safety not assured", "no risk of collision" or "risk not determined".
- 4.2 The purpose of the form is to provide investigatory authorities with as complete information on an air traffic incident as possible and to enable them to report back, with the least possible delay to the pilot or operator concerned, the result of the investigation of the incident and, if appropriate, the remedial action taken.

AIR TRAFFIC INCIDENT REPORT FORM

AIR	RCRAFT IDENTIFICATION	air traffic incidents. In an initial reported by radio, bolded items should be include B - TYPE OF INCIDENT					
		A IDDD OV /DD					
ти	E INCIDENT	AIRPROX/PR	OCEDURE/FACILITY*				
1 111	EINCIDENT						
Gen	eral						
a)	Date / Time of incident		UT				
b)	Position						
Ow	n aircraft						
a)	Heading and route						
		mea					
	Level and altimeter setting						
d)	Aircraft climbing or descending	g					
	() Level flight	() Climbing	() Descending				
e)	Aircraft bank angle						
	() Wings level	() Slight bank	() Moderate bank				
•	() Steep bank	() Inverted	() Unknown				
f)	Aircraft direction of bank	() D '.1.	() II-1				
~)	() Left Restrictions to visibility (select of	() Right	() Unknown				
g)	Restrictions to visibility (select a () Singular	() Windscreen pillar	() Dirty wind screen				
		() None	() Ditty windscreen				
h)	Use of aircraft lighting (select as						
11)		() Strobe lights	() Cabin Lights				
	() Red anti-collision lights	() Landing / taxi lights	() Logo (tail fin) lights				
	() Other	() None	() Logo (um m) ngms				
I) '	Traffic avoidance advice issued by						
	() Yes, based on radar	() Yes, based on visual sighting () Yes, based on other inf.					
	() No						
j)	Traffic information issued						
	() Yes, based on radar		ghting () Yes, based on other inf.				
k)	Airborne collision avoidance sys		() TD () () 1 :				
	() Not carried	() Type	() Traffic advisory issued				
1)	() Resolution advisory issued Radar identification	() Trainc advisory or res	solution not issued				
1)	() No radar available	() Radar identification	() No radar identification				
	() No	() Radai identification	() No radar identification				
m)	Other aircraft sighted						
111)	() Yes	() No	() Wrong aircraft sighted				
n)	Avoidance action taken	() 1.6	() Wishing anterior signical				
	() Yes	() No					
o)	Type of flight plan	IFR/VFR/none*					
)the	r aircraft						
a)	Type and call sign / registratio	n (if known)					
b)	if a) above not known, describ						
·	() High wing	() mid wing	() Low wing				
	() Rotorcraft						
	() 1 engine	() 2 engine	() 3 engine				
	() 4 engine	() More then 4 engine					
Marking, colour or other available details							

	c)	Aircraft climbing or descending						
		() Level flight		Climbing	() Descending			
		() Unknown	()		() Descending			
		Aircraft bank angle						
			()	Clicht honly	() Madagata hank			
		() Wings level		Slight bank	() Moderate bank			
		() Steep bank	()	Inverted	() Unknown			
	e)	Aircraft direction of bank			== -			
		() Left	()	Right	() Unknown			
		lighting displayed						
		() Navigation lights	()	Strobe lights	() Cabin Lights			
		() Red anti-collision lights	()	Landing / taxi lights	() Logo (tail fin) lights			
		() Other		None	() Unknown			
		Traffic avoidance advice issued by			()			
		() Yes, based on radar			ing () Yes, based on other inf.			
		() No		Unknown	mg () Tes, based on other mr.			
		Traffic information issued	()	Chrilown				
				X7 1 1 1 1 1.1.1.1	' () W 1 1 1 1			
		() Yes, based on radar			ing () Yes, based on other inf.			
		() No	()	Unknown				
		Avoidance action taken						
		() Yes	()	No	() Unknown			
4.	Dista	ance						
	a)	Closest horizontal distance						
	b)	~						
	~,							
5	Flial	nt weather condition						
٥.	1 1151	it weather condition						
	۵)	IMC /VMC						
	a)			1 1				
	b) Above / below* / cloud / fog / haze or between layers							
	c) Distance vertically from cloudm / ft* belowm / ft* above							
	d) In cloud/rain/snow/sleet/fog/haze*							
	e)	e) Flying into / out of* sun						
	f) Flight visibilitym/km*							
6								
D.	D - MISCELLANEOUS							
1.	Information regarding reporting aircraft							
1.	a) Aircraft resignation							
	,							
	b)	Aircraft type						
	c)	Operator						
	d)	Aerodrome of departure						
	e)	Aerodrome of first						
		landing	dest	ination				
	f)	Reported by radio other means to		(name o	f ATS unit) at timeUTC			
	g)	Date / time / place of completion	of f	orm				
	61	ran in Family 21 completion						
2.	. Function, address and signature of person submitting report							
	a)	,		_				
	,							
	b)	Audiess						
	c)	Signature						
	d)	Telephone number						